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Description

5 /

Claim(s)

2

Abstract

Drawing(s)

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

Request for a preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

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For the applicant

Gill Jennings & Every

Signature

Date 17 March 2004

12. Name, daytime telephone number and e-mail address, if any, of person to contact in the United Kingdom

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The treatment of inflammatory disorders

Field of the invention

This invention relates to the treatment of inflammatory disorders

Background

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Inflammatory diseases remain poorly treated, including many autoimmune diseases, certain IgE mediated (Type I) hypersensitivity reactions, chronic inflammatory disease and skin inflammation. In these patients treatment regimes are often not wholly effective, or are halted due to excessive side effects, allowing the disease to progress. Consequently, there is a need for drugs which are effective in treating these immune mediated inflammatory conditions, but with substantially fewer side effects.

Immune driven inflammatory events are a significant cause of many chronic inflammatory diseases where prolonged destruction and inflammation causes tissue extensive damage and eventual failure of the affected organ. The cause of these diseases is unknown, so are often called autoimmune, as they appear to originate from an individual's immune system turning on itself. "Conditions include those systemic such as organs, involving multiple Other types scleroderma. and (SLE) erythematosus autoimmune disease can involve specific tissues or organs such as the musculoskeletal tissue (rheumatoid arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis), gastro-intestinal tract, (Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis), the central nervous system (Alzheimers, Multiple sclerosis, motor neurone disease, syndrome), fatique chronic disease and Parkinson's pancreatic beta cells (insulin dependent diabetes mellitus), the diseae), (Addison's gland adrenal the IgA nephropathy, interstitial syndrome, (Goodpasture's nephritis) exocrine glands (Sjogrens syndrome and autoimmune pancreatitis) and skin (psoriasis and atopic dermatitis).

In addition, there are chronic inflammatory diseases whose aetiology is more or less known but whose inflammation

is also chronic and unremitting. These also exhibit massive tissue/organ destruction and include conditions such as osteoarthritis, periodontal disease, diabetic nephropathy, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, artherosclerosis, graft versus host disease, chronic pelvic inflammatory disease, endometriosis, chronic hepatitis and tuberculosis. In these diseases the tissue destruction often damages organ function, resulting in progressive reductions in quality of life and organ failure. These conditions are a major cause of illness in the developing world and poorly treated by current therapies.

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IgE mediated (Type I) hypersensitivity reactions result from an inappropriate response to normally non-immunogenic antigens (e.g, pollen and dust-mites). Antigen presentation results in eosinophil infiltration, cytokine burst, inflammation and oedema. These conditions can be triggered by antigens such as mould, dust mites, grass and tree pollenm and result in conditions such as rhinitis, asthma, anaphylaxis and dermatitis.

Inflammation of skin structures (dermatitis) common set of conditions which include; actinic keratosis, acne rosacea, acne vulgaris, allergic contact dermatitis, dermatitis, bullous pemiphigoid, atopic angioedema, multiforme, erythema cutaneous drug reactions, photodermatitis, psoriasis, psoriatic erythrametosus, arthritis, scleroderma and urticaria. These diseases are treated using a wide array of therapies, many of which have very severe side effects.

Current disease modifying treatments (if any), for immune driven conditions, include neutralising antibodies, cytotoxics, corticosteriods, immunosuppressants, antihistamines and antimuscarinics. These treatments are often associated with inconvenient routes of administration and severe side effects leading to compliance issues. Moreover certain drug classes are only effective for certain types of inflammatory diseases; e.g. antihistamines for rhinitis.

Phenyl substituted beta-amino alcohols (I) are known to have antihypertensive, vasodilator, sympathomimetic, bronchodilator or cardiostimulant activity through agonism and antagonism at alpha and beta adrenoceptors.

5 Summary of invention

Surprisingly it has been found that phenyl substituted beta-amino alcohols (I) are inhibitors of cytokines and possess anti-inflammatory properties. According to the present invention an inflammatory condition as previously 10 described is treated by the use of (I).

Description of Preferred Embodiments

Phenyl substituted beta-amino alcohols refer to compounds of general formula (I)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} OH & R_2 \\ \hline \\ HO & R_1 & R_3 \end{array} \qquad (I)$$

Wherein:

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R₁ may be H or Me

20 R_2 may be H or alkyl and can be part of a ring with R_3 R_3 may be H or Me or CH_2 (when forming part of a ring with R_2)

n=0-2

X may be CH2 or O

25 The two phenyl groups may be optionally substituted with OH, OMe, halogen, NHCHO, NHSO $_2$ Me, CONH $_2$, SOMe

It is understood that the invention refers to salts, e.g. the hydrochloride, metabolites and pro-drugs thereof, as well as any diastereomers and enantiomers of (I).

Compounds of formula (I) include bufeniode, butopamine, denopamine, fenoterol, formoterol, ifenprodil, isoxuprine,

labetalol, medroxalol, mesuprine, nylidrin, protokylol, ritodrine, salmefamol, sulfinalol.

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According to the invention compounds of formula (I) are used to treat inflammatory diseases including, but exclusive to, autoimmune diseases involving multiple organs, such as systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE) and scleroderma, specific tissues or organs such as the musculoskeletal arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis), (rheumatoid tissue gastro-intestinal tract, (Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis), the central nervous system (Alzheimers, Multiple sclerosis, motor neurone disease, Parkinson's disease and chronic fatigue syndrome), pancreatic beta cells (insulin dependent diabetes mellitus), the adrenal gland (Addison's diseae), the kidney (Goodpasture's syndrome, IgA nephropathy, interstitial nephritis) exocrine glands (Sjogrens syndrome 15 and autoimmune pancreatitis) and skin (psoriasis and atopic diseases such inflammatory dermatitis), chronic osteoarthritis, periodontal disease, diabetic nephropathy, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, artherosclerosis, graft versus host disease, chronic pelvic inflammatory 20 disease, endometriosis, chronic hepatitis and tuberculosis, IgE mediated (Type I) hypersensitivities such as rhinitis, asthma, anaphylaxis and dermatitis. Dermatitis conditions include; actinic keratosis, acne rosacea, acne vulgaris, allergic contact dermatitis, angioedema, atopic dermatitis, 25 bullous pemiphigoid, cutaneous drug reactions, erythema multiforme, lupus erythrametosus, photodermatitis, psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis, scleroderma and urticaria.

These compounds may be used according to the invention when the patient is also administered or in combination with another therapeutic agent selected from corticosteroids (examples including cortisol, cortisone, hydrocortisone, dihydrocortisone, fludrocortisone, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, beconase, methylprednisolone, deflazacort, triamcinolone, betamethasone, and dexamethasone), modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs) (examples including, azulfidine, aurothiomalate, bucillamine, chlorambucil,

cyclophosphamide, leflunomide, methotrexate, mizoribine, penicillamine and sulphasalazine), immunosuppressants (examples including azathioprine, cyclosporin, mycophenolate), COX inhibitors (examples including 5 aceclofenac, acemetacin, alcofenac, alminoprofen, aloxipirin, amfenac, aminophenazone, antraphenine, aspirin, azapropazone, benorilate, benoxaprofen, benzydamine, butibufen, celecoxib, chlorthenoxacine, choline salicylate, chlometacin, dexketoprofen, diclofenac, diflunisal, emorfazone, epirizole, 10 etodolac, feclobuzone, felbinac, fenbufen, fenclofenac, flurbiprofen, glafenine, hydroxylethyl salicylate, ibuprofen, indometacin, indoprofen, ketoprofen, ketorolac. phenetidin, loxoprofen, mefenamic acid. metamizole, mofebutazone, mofezolac, nabumetone, naproxen, nifenazone, 15 oxametacin, phenacetin, pipebuzone, pranoprofen, propyphenazone, proquazone, rofecoxib, salicylamide, sulindac, suprofen, tiaramide, tinoridine, tolfenamic acid, zomepirac) neutralising antibodies (examples including, etanercept and infliximab), antibiotics 20 (examples including, doxycycline and minocycline).

Any suitable route of administration can be used. For example, any of oral, topical, parenteralocular, rectal, vaginal, inhalation, buccal, sublingual and intranasal delivery routes may be suitable. The dose of the active agent will depend on the nature and degree of the condition, the age and condition of the patient and other factors known to those skilled in the art. A typical dose is 10-100 mg given one to three times per day.

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Claims

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1. Use of a compound for the treatment or prevention of a condition associated with T-cell proliferation or that is mediated by pro-inflammatory cytokines, wherein the compound is of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

10 Wherein:

R₁ may be H or Me

 $\rm R_2$ may be H or alkyl and can be part of a ring with $\rm R_3$ $\rm R_3$ may be H or Me or $\rm CH_2$ (when forming part of a ring with $\rm R_2)$

 $15 \quad n=0-2$

X may be CH2 or O

Each benzene ring is optionally substituted with OH, OMe, halogen, NHCHO, NHSO $_2$ Me, CONH $_2$ or SOMe.

- Use according to claim 1 wherein the compound is selected from bufeniode, butopamine, denopamine, fenoterol, formoterol, ifenprodil, isoxuprine, labetalol, medroxalol, mesuprine, nylidrin, protokylol, ritodrine, salmefamol, sulfinalol.
- 3. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is a chronic degenerative disease such as rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis or osteoporosis.
 - 4. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is a chronic demyelinating disease such as multiple sclerosis.
- 5. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is a respiratory disease such as asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

- 6. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is an inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) such as ulcerative colitis or Crohn's disease.
- 7. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is a dermatological condition such as psoriasis,

scleroderma or atopic dermatitis.

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- 8. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is a dental disease such as periodontal disease or gingivitis.
- 10 9. Use according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the condition is diabetic nephropathy, lupus nephritis, IgA nephropathy or glomerulonephritis.
 - 10. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE).
- 15 11. Use according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the condition is graft vs host disease.
 - 12. Use according to any preceding claim wherein the patient is also administered another therapeutic agent selected from corticosteroids, cytotoxics, antibiotics,
- 20 immunosupressants and COX inhibitors.
 - 13. Use according to claim 12 wherein compound (I) and said another agent are provided in combination.